

E 7.4-1 0.6 50

CR-138863

Title of Investigation: Design Data Collection with Skylab/EREP Microwave Instrument S-193

Title of Report: Design Data Collection with Skylab/EREP Microwave Instrument S-193

CRES Monthly Letter Progress Report #9

May, 1974

NASA Contract NAS 9-13331

Prepared For:

Principal Investigations Management Office
Technical Monitor: Mr. Larry B. York
NASA Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center
Houston, Texas 77058

"Made available under NASA sponsorship
in the interest of early and wide dis-
semination of Earth Resources Survey
Program information and without liability
for any use made thereof."

Prepared by:

Arun Sobti, Project Engineer
University of Kansas Center for Research, Inc.
Remote Sensing Laboratory
Lawrence, Kansas 66045

Type of Report: Monthly Letter Progress Report

(E74-10650) DESIGN DATA COLLECTION WITH
SKYLAB/EREP MICROWAVE INSTRUMENT S-193
Monthly Letter Progress Report No. 9,
1-31 May 1974 (Kansas Univ. Center for
Research, Inc.) 19 p HC \$4.00 CSCL 05B

N74-28883

Unclas

G3/13 00650



THE UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS CENTER FOR RESEARCH, INC.

2385 Irving Hill Rd.—Campus West Lawrence, Kansas 66044

DESIGN DATA COLLECTION WITH
SKYLAB/EREP MICROWAVE INSTRUMENT S-193

Richard K. Moore, Principal Investigator
Fawwaz T. Ulaby, Co-Investigator

Arun Sobti
Project Engineer

Cheng King, John Barr, Bruce Short
and Saad Ulaby
Research Assistants

Remote Sensing Laboratory
Center for Research, Inc.
University of Kansas
Lawrence, Kansas 66045

Larry York, Technical Monitor
Principal Investigations
Management Office
Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center
Houston, Texas 77058

EREP No. 549-M, March 28, 1973 to September 30, 1974
Contract Number NAS-9-13331

DESIGN DATA COLLECTION WITH SKYLAB/EREP MICROWAVE INSTRUMENT S-193

The University of Kansas Center for Research, Inc. reports the following work performed during the period 1 May 1974 to 31 May 1974.

1.0 CONTINUING STUDIES

1.1 (Task 2.1.1.2, 2.1.3.1, 2.1.3.2) Development of Catalogue for Radiometer Temperature Measurements Performed to Date.

Satisfactory progress was made in compilation of this catalogue.

1.2 (Task 2.1.3.3) Study of Effects of Atmosphere Upon S193 Rad/Scat Measurements

Satisfactory progress was made in compilation of this report.

1.3 (Task 2.1.1.5, 2.1.3.1, 2.1.3.2) Ground Truth Collection and Data Catalogue

It has come to our attention (through a letter from NASA) that due to an error in the read out of the gyros during SL-2, the estimated position of the spacecraft can be in error by as much as 10 nautical miles. An attempt to establish the correct position of the vehicle so that all listed footprints can be considered reliable in spatial location is underway. For this analysis a specific site, for which the University of Kansas feels there is sufficient supporting data, is being examined. The site (Texas - CTC R/S pitch 30° , pol. VV, on DOY156) consists of some area which contain cells for which the soil moisture is known; some cells have water bodies in them. The daily precipitation for 5 days prior (and inclusive of the day of the pass), the highest temperature recorded on the day of the pass, the soil permeability, the cloud cover and the general land-use are the supporting evidence to be related to the S193 radiometer temperature and the differential backscattering coefficient. Since there are only a few samples of the supporting data (e.g. temperature and precipitation are reported by weather-reporting stations) a program has been employed which produces (by extrapolation and interpolation) a map showing the spatial distribution of the parameter of interest. Examples of such maps are shown in Figures 1 through 10.

Another purpose for performing such specific-site studies is to determine those factors which would influence the cataloging of Skylab data. Other test sites to be examined in depth include one over Kansas (DOY 256 CTC pitch 40, pol VV), one over Minnesota (DOY 254, CTC pol VV), and some over a land/water interface. The choice of these test sites was based upon the fact that many individual footprints will hopefully be comprised of either one or at most two categories, thus allowing a simplified interpreting scheme. The land/water interface sites will help establish the position errors, and more important, should allow us to better estimate the antenna effects.

Each footprint is analyzed based upon S190 coverage and land-use maps and cataloged. A sample recording is provided in Figure (11). This description is used to correlate the radiometric temperature/differential backscattering coefficient to the surface.

2.0 REPORTS COMPLETED

There were no reports completed this month.

3.0 SPECIAL ANALYSES

No special analyses were requested of us.

4.0 DATA RECEIVED

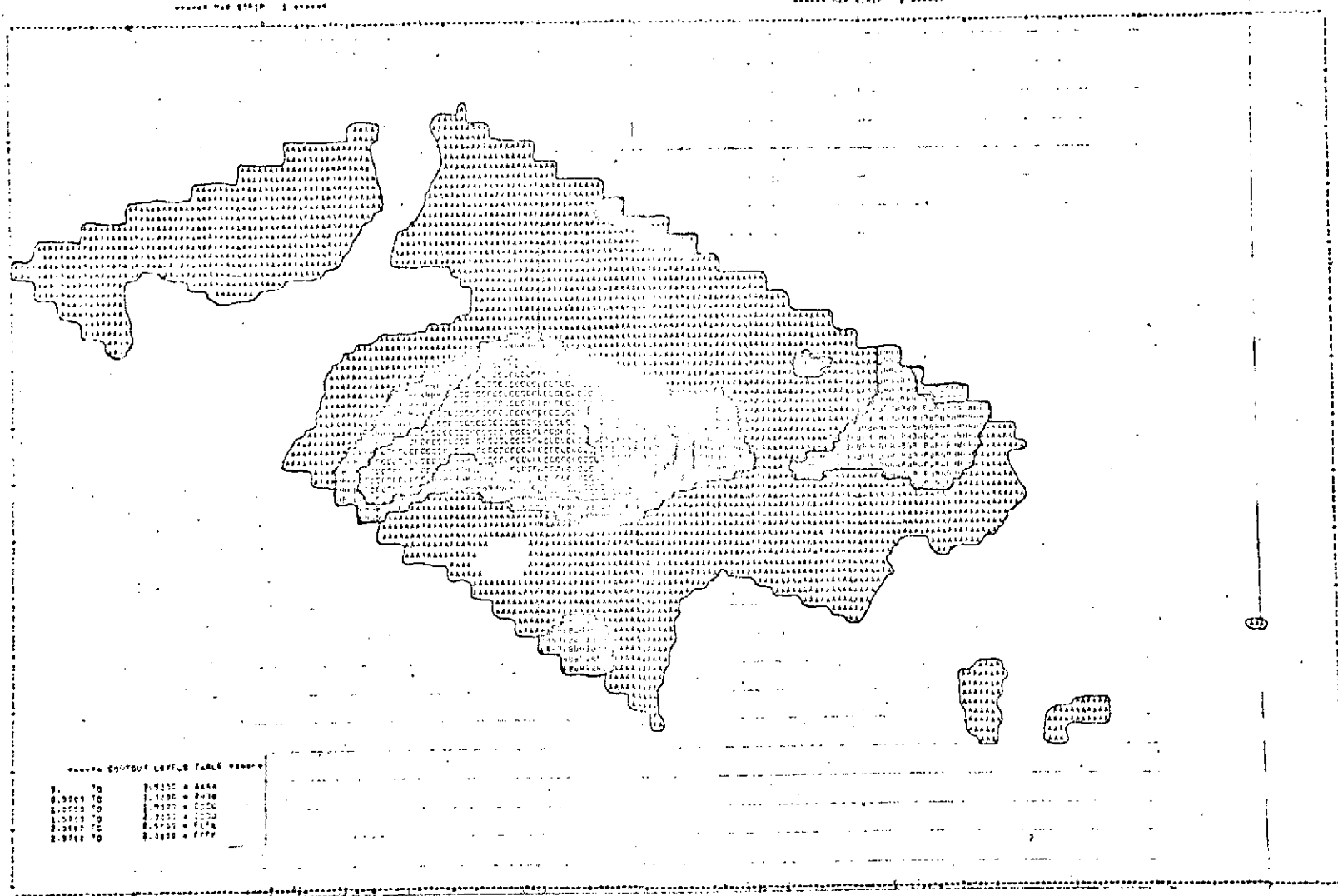
Attached is a preliminary copy of the SL-3 data available in tabulation form at the University of Kansas over the continental U. S. In many cases the data are merely housekeeping parameters or similar raw data from SKYLAB.

5.0 COMMENT

Dr. Moore and Arun Sobti will participate in the PI conference scheduled for July 16, 17, 18. We feel that a report generated by the University of Kansas, Remote Sensing Laboratory, entitled "A Survey of Differential Backscattering Measurement Programs," by C. King and R. K. Moore, and mailed to NASA should be published by the PIMO office.

AS:rh

***** 410 *****



9.	70	9.9500	a	4444
9.9500	70	9.9500	a	8470
9.9500	70	9.9500	a	0000
1.0000	70	9.9500	a	0000
2.0000	70	9.9500	a	0000
2.0000	70	9.9500	a	0000

1. 452. 2. 453.

1. 1592 2 3470

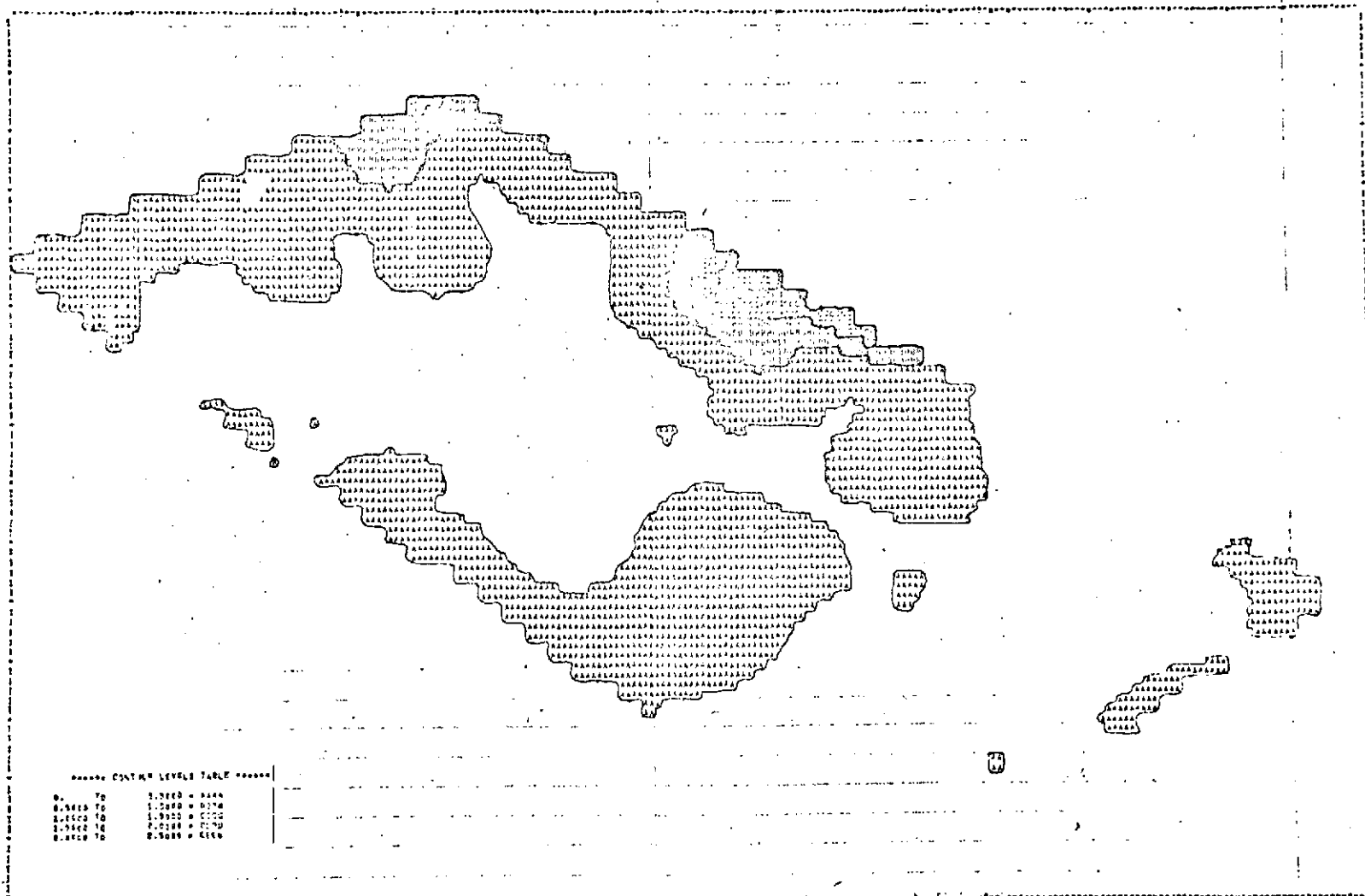
4927 - 2526

4,957, 4,958
4,957 • 4,958

8.1050 - 8.1055

JUNE 1 RAINFALL

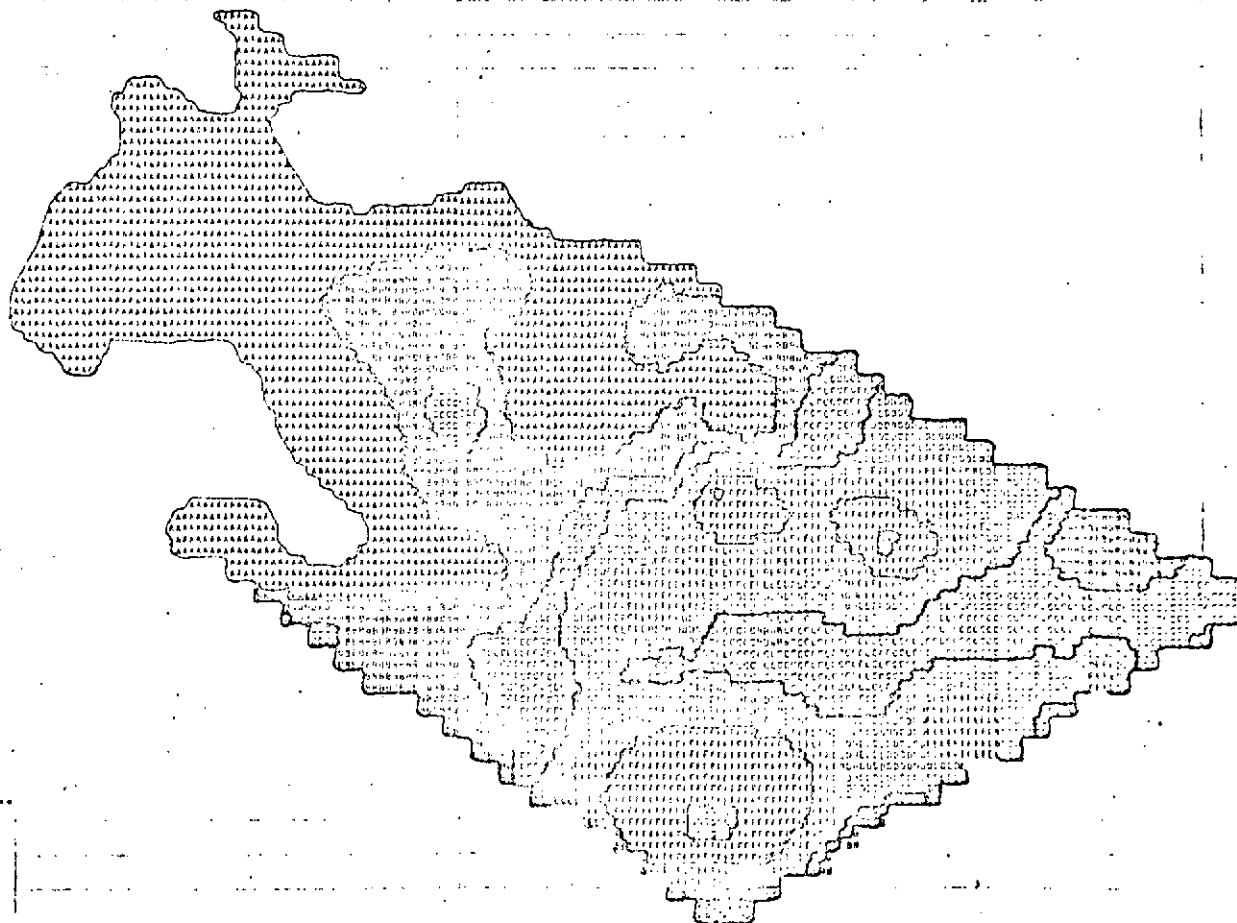
FIGURE 1.



JUNE 2 RAINFALL
FIGURE 2.

***** MAP STRIP 1 *****

***** MAP STRIP 2 *****



***** CONTOUR LEVEL TABLE *****

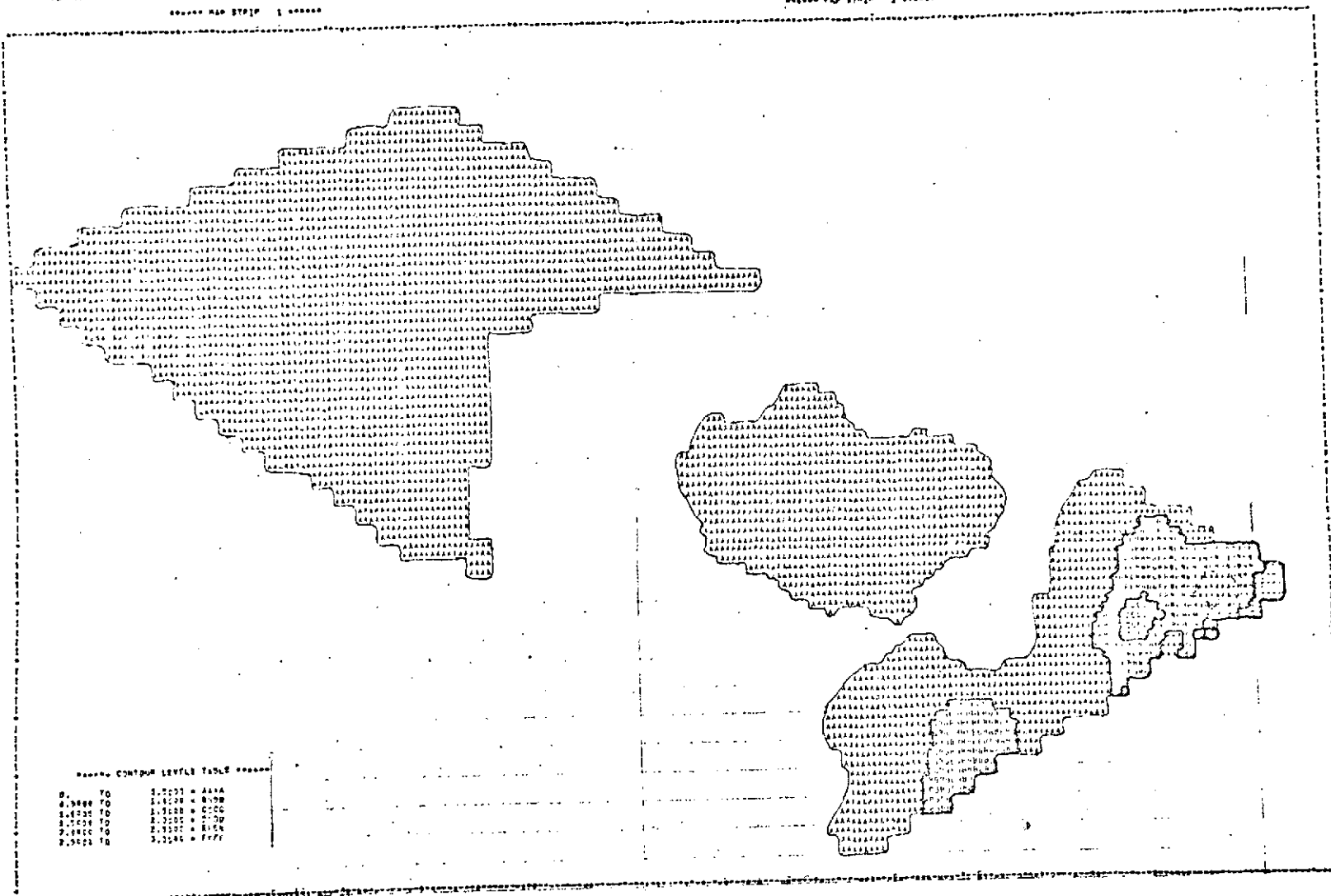
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

JUNE 3 RAINFALL

FIGURE 3.

***** MAP STRIP 1 *****

***** MAP STRIP 2 *****

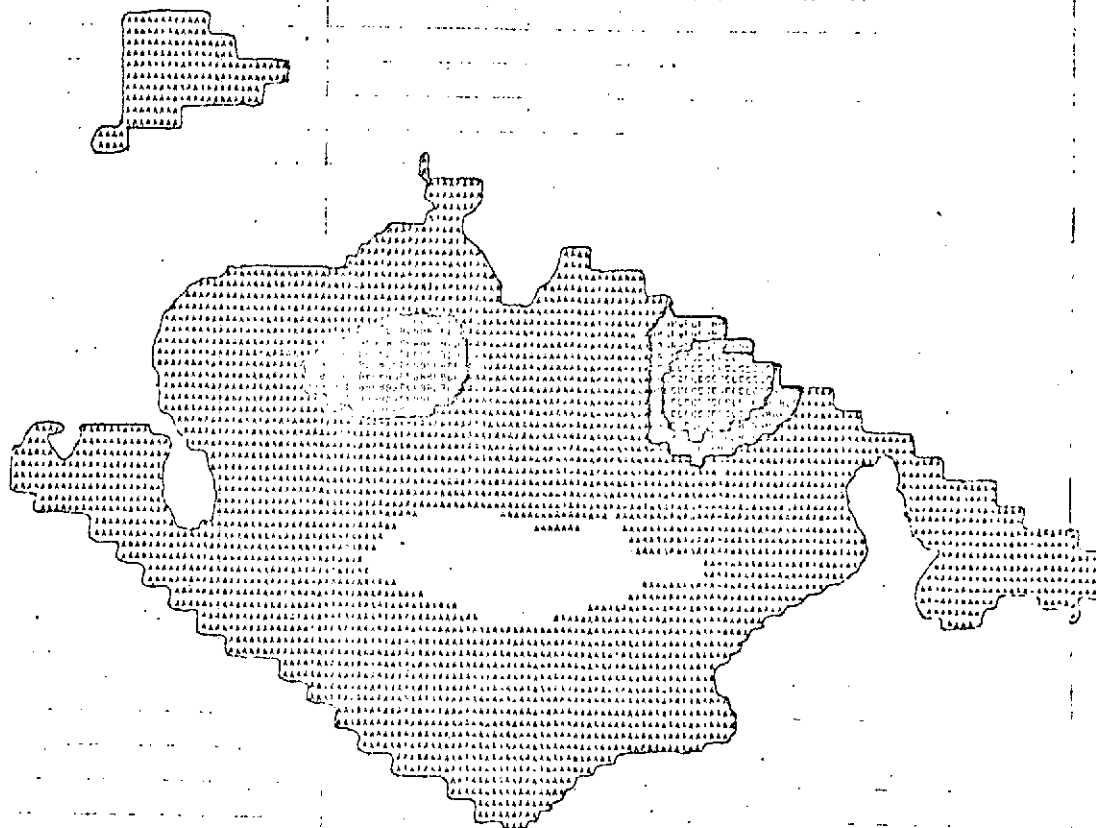


JUNE 4 RAINFALL

FIGURE 4.

***** MAP STATION *****

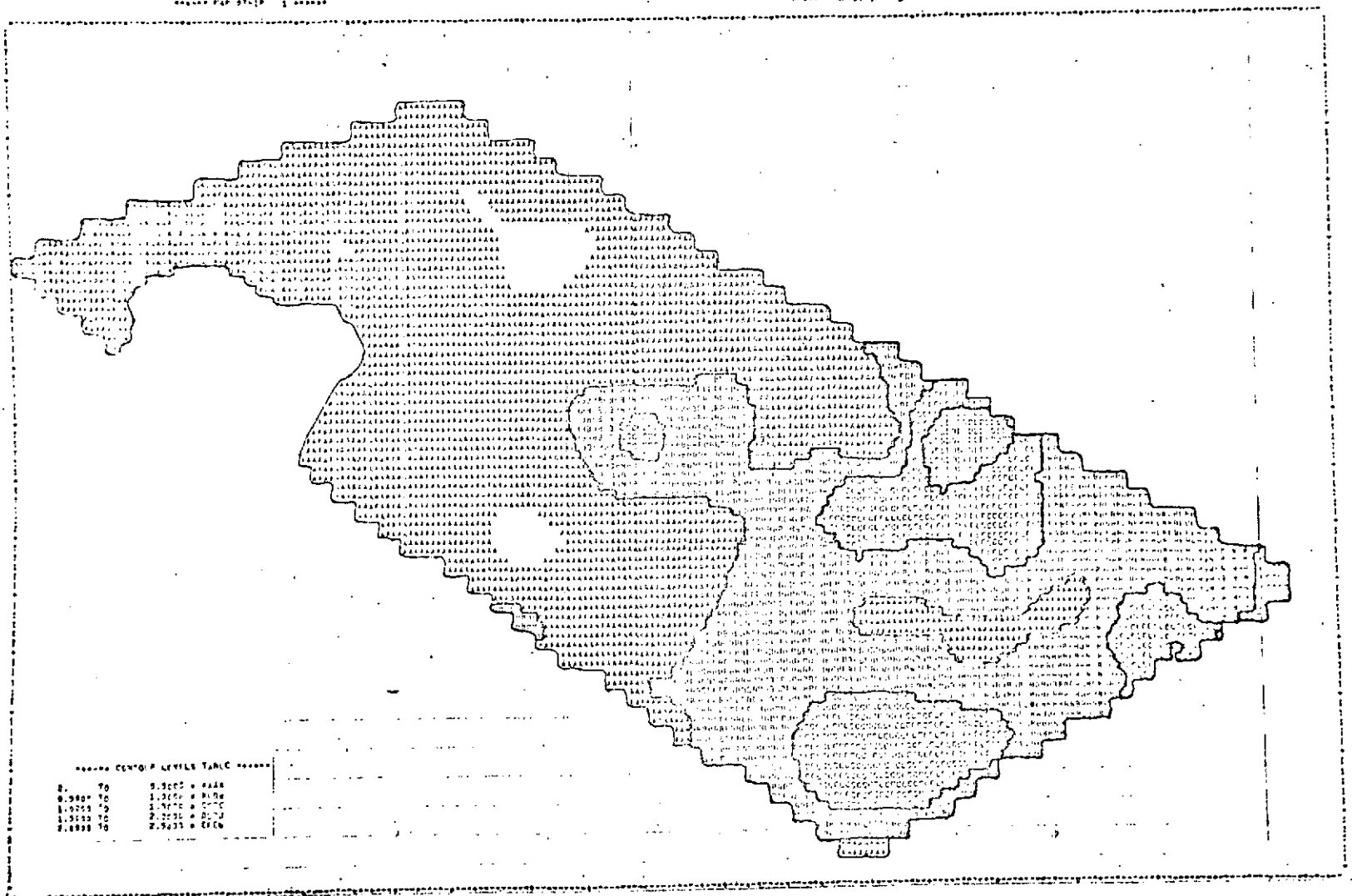
***** MAP STATION *****



***** CONTOUR LEVELS TABLE *****

0.0000 TO	0.0000 = AAAA
0.0000 TO	0.0000 = BBBB
0.0000 TO	0.0000 = CCCC
0.0000 TO	0.0000 = DDDD

JUNE 5 RAINFALL
FIGURE 5.

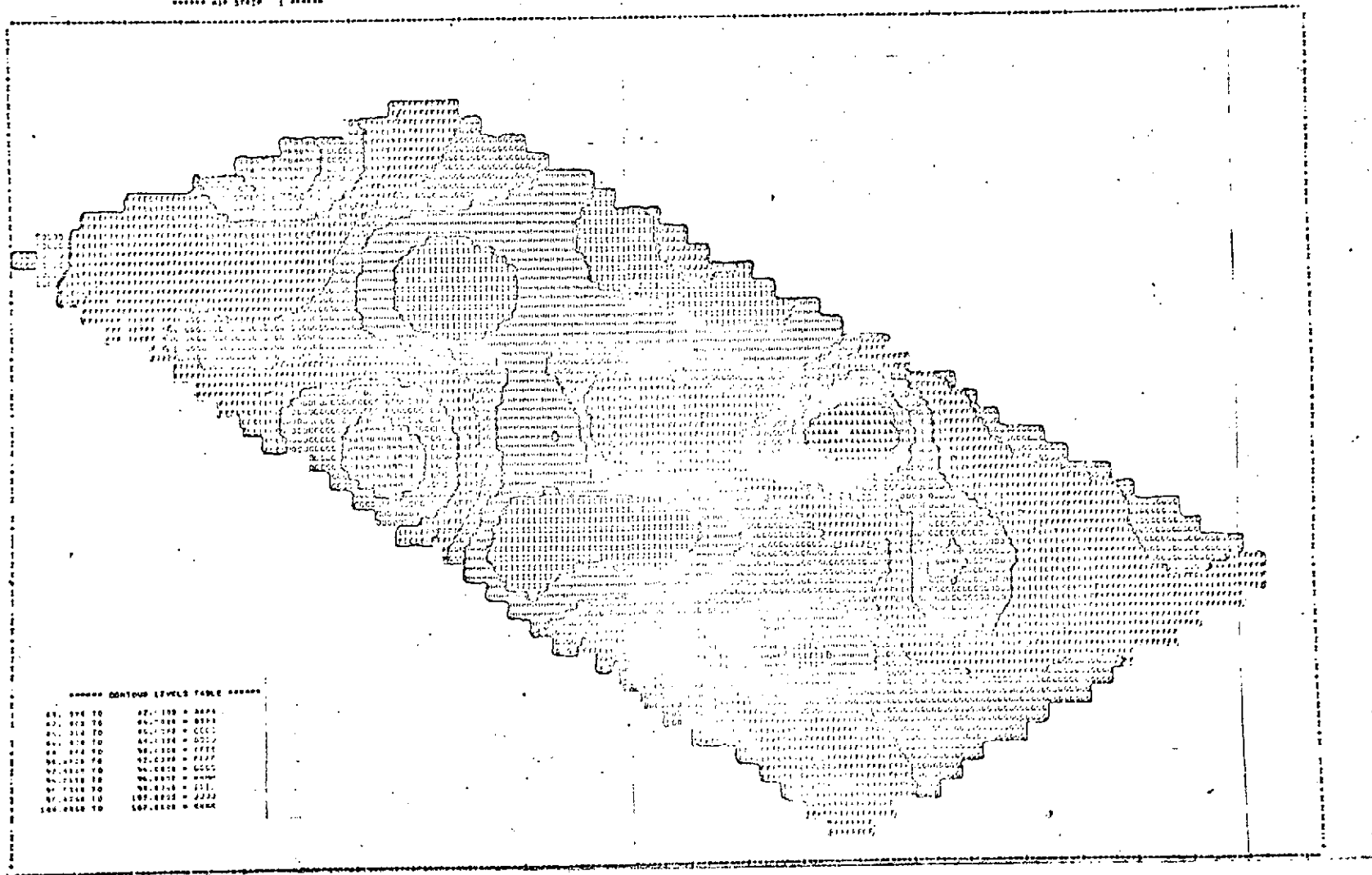


COMPOSITE RAINFALL HISTORY --- JUNE 1 - 5.

FIGURE 6.

[illegible]

***** PAGE 37010 *****



```

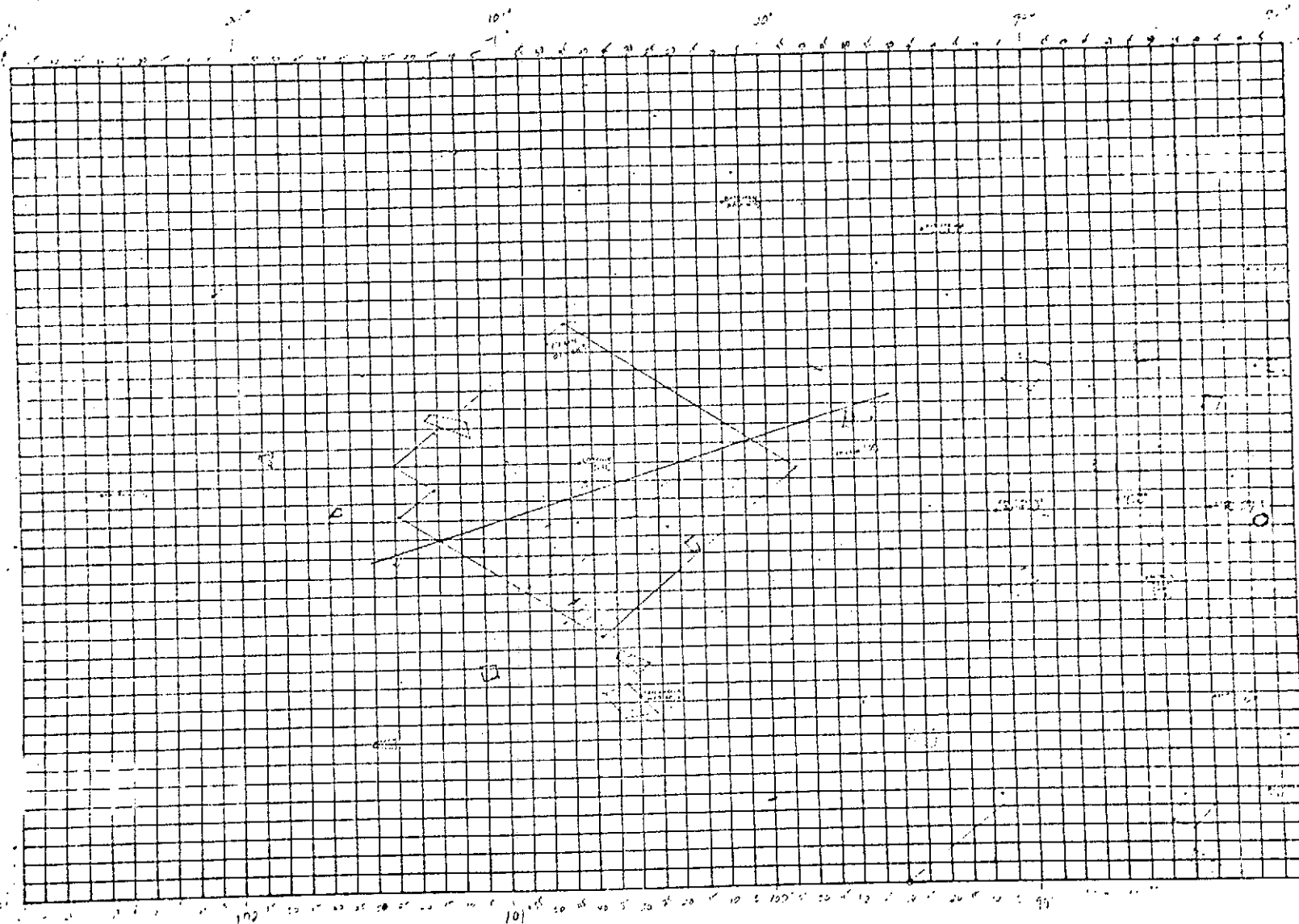
***** CONTIGUOUS LEVELS TABLE *****

```

81. 974 70	87. 139 4	A694
82. 972 70	88. 088 0	B593
83. 914 70	89. 792 0	C601
84. 870 70	90. 194 0	D572
85 842 70	91. 508 0	E555
86. 826 70	92. 638 0	F537
87. 812 70	93. 828 0	G525
88. 798 70	94. 992 0	H499
89. 784 70	96. 034 0	I511
90. 768 70	107. 022 0	J222
104. 658 70	107. 028 0	K484

JUNE 5 DAILY MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE
FIGURE 7.

-13-



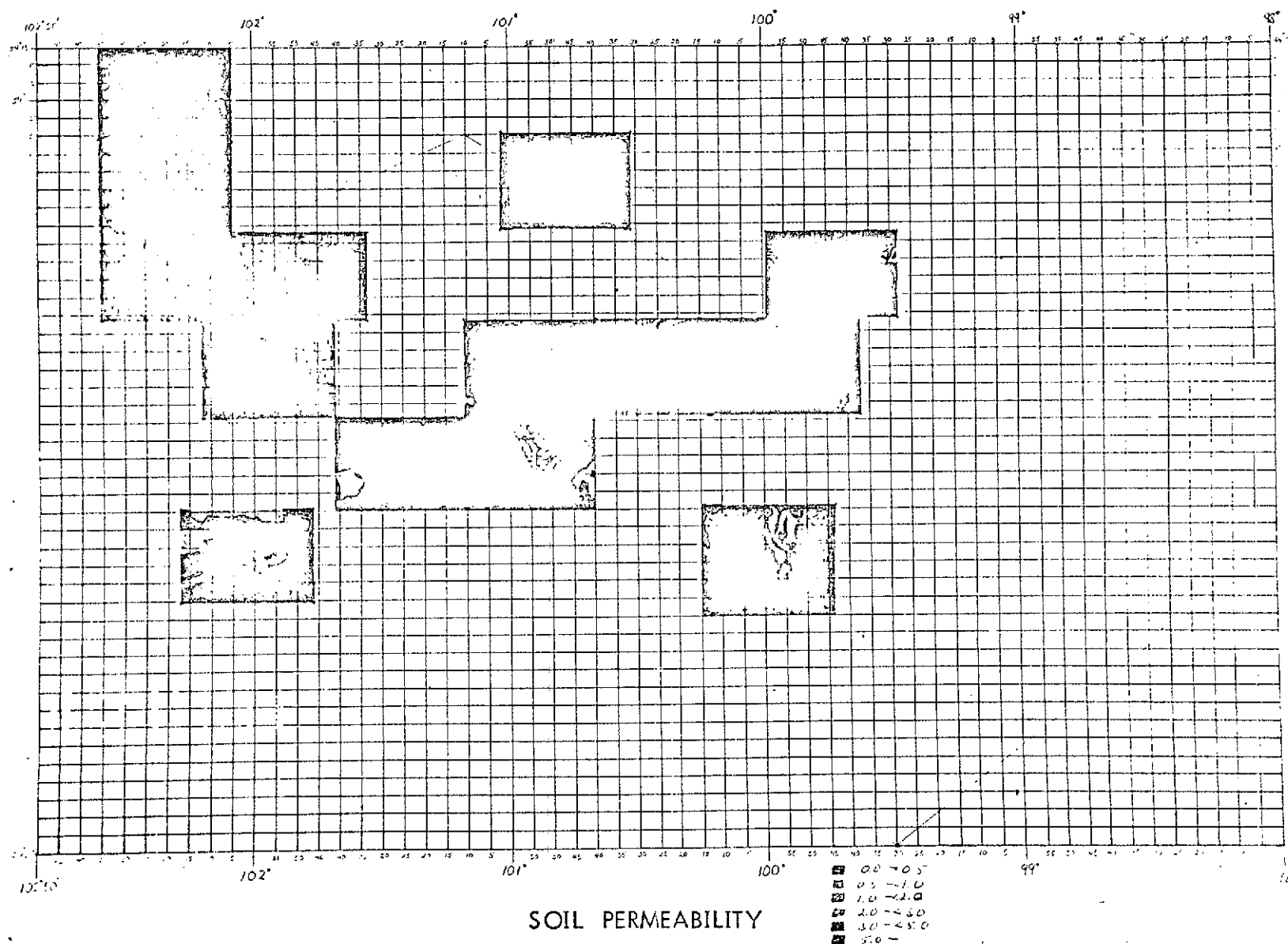
JUNE 5, 1972 PRECIP.

(WORKING SHEET)

FIGURE 9.

SOIL PERMEABILITY
(WORKING SHEET)

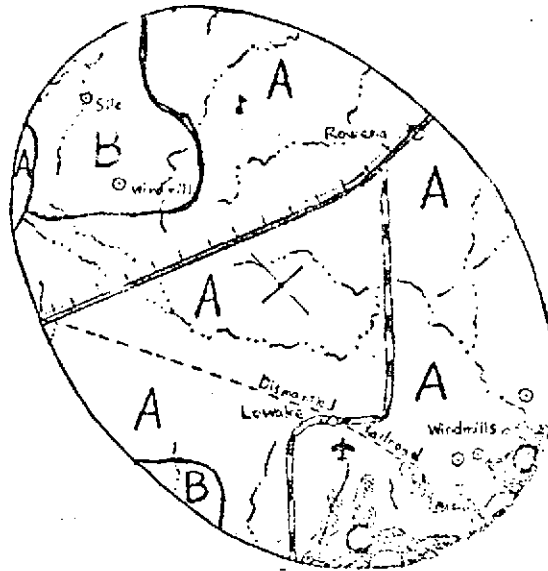
FIGURE 10.



RAD.

TRUE
NORTH

DAY: 156 (5 JUNE 73)
TIME: 18 058.16
MODE: CTC (RAD.)
INCIDENCE \angle : 32.1610
PITCH \angle : 29.2070
ROLL: -3.8695
POLARIZATION: VV
ANT. TEMP: 271:7821
LAT. 31 36.5 N
LONG. 100 5.5 W



Az. 138°

LEGEND

	MEDIUM DUTY HARD SURFACE ROAD
	HEAVY DUTY HARD SURFACE ROAD
	RAILROAD
	INTERMITTENT OR DRY STREAM
	PERENNIAL STREAM
	AIRFIELD
A	RANGE LAND
B	FARM LAND
C	WOODLAND

SUMMARY

THE TARGET CONSISTS OF THREE PRIMARY CATEGORIES, AS INDICATED AT LEFT. OF THESE, CAT. A ACCOUNTS FOR APPROXIMATELY 80%, CAT. B 15%, AND CAT. C 5% OF THE TOTAL AREA. THE WOODLAND VEGETATION CONSISTS PRIMARILY OF MESQUITE AS OPPOSED TO MORE ADVANCED ARBOREAL TYPES. CULTURAL PHENOMENA WITHIN THE TARGET INCLUDE MEDIUM AND HEAVY DUTY MULTI-LANE HIGHWAYS, A RAILROAD, AND TWO SMALL TOWNS.

PHYSICAL DATA

TEMP: 92° F D/MAX.
65° F D/MIN.
PREC: 00
SOIL PERMEABILITY:
SLOW-MODERATE
MODERATE
ATMOSPHERIC DATA
FROM NEAREST STATION

Figure 11

CONTINENTAL U S PASSES - SL3

-16-

VOY	DATE	START GMT	STOP GMT	PASS NO.	GROUND TRACK	START-LOCATION		STOP-LOCATION		MODE	S-190 COVER/SE	REMARKS
						LAT	LONG	LAT	LONG			
215 B	8-3-73	17:58:38.150	17:59:10.13	1	34	46.233	126.918	45.504	124.512	CTC PO		TABS HAVE MADE AS ETC OUT OF U.S.
215 D	8-3-73	17:59:11.955	18:00:40.059	1	34	44.802	124.550	42.867	117.589	CTC PO		TABS HAVE MADE AS ETC
215 G	8-3-73	18:01:10.366	18:01:29.941	1	34	40.670	112.811	40.089	111.680	CTC P29		
215 I	8-3-73	18:01:31.460	18:01:59.922	1	34	39.876	111.436	38.945	109.609	CTC P29		TABS HAVE MADE AS IT
215 L	8-3-73	18:09:33.842	18:09:56.132	1	34	21.034	87.875	20.029	86.963	CTC PO		IN OCEAN
215 O	8-3-73	18:09:57.054	18:10:26.136	1	34	19.925	86.878	18.571	85.776	CTC PO		OUT OF U.S. DISREGARD
215 R	8-3-73	18:10:42.430	18:11:05.042	1	34	17.781	84.971	16.759	84.103	CTC PO		OUT OF U.S. DISREGARD
216 B	8-4-73	17:19:53.121	17:20:44.942	2	48	38.318	103.824	36.197	100.901	CTC P15		
216 E	8-4-73	17:20:46.014	17:21:35.983	2	48	36.301	100.587	34.244	97.820	CTC P15		
216 H	8-4-73	17:25:20.452	17:26:59.977	2	48	25.289	87.202	20.774	82.850	CTC PO		OUT OF U.S. DISREGARD
217 A	8-5-73	15:02:06.215	15:02:12.590	3	61	40.69	79.51	41.56	81.35	ITNC		
217 D	8-5-73	16:37:41.874	16:38:20.178	4	62	36.476	95.988	35.002	93.924	CTC P29		
220 B	8-8-73	15:58:58.954	16:00:54.997	5	34	44.686	121.873	41.150	113.560	CTC P15		
220 C	8-8-73	16:03:58.349	16:04:39.992	5	34	33.421	101.058	31.776	98.835	CTC P29		
220 D	8-8-73	16:04:57.209	16:06:56.252	5	34	30.231	96.941	24.37	90.56	ITC		TABS HAVE MADE AS IT
221 A	8-9-73	13:42:10.723	13:42:15.223	6	47	47.840	104.350	46.473	98.968	CTC PO		
221 C	8-9-73	13:42:16.329	13:43:25.185	6	47	46.433	98.783	44.670	93.378	CTC PO		
						22.808	00.520	39.771	97.392	ITC		TABS HAVE MADE AS IT

-61-

[illegible]

-18-

THE MODF IS A
DISCREPENCY. SUPP. 30
TO RF 12